

## Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

**Bondtec 614**

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture:**

Adhesive

**Uses advised against:**

No information available at present.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Fola Abfülltechnik GmbH  
Industriestraße 55  
D-40822 Mettmann  
Tel.: +49 2104 28680-10  
Fax: +49 2104 28680-20  
www.fola-abfuelltechnik.de

Qualified person's e-mail address: info@chemical-check.de, k.schnurbusch@chemical-check.de Please DO NOT use for requesting Safety Data Sheets.

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

**Emergency information services / official advisory body:**

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**Telephone number of the company in case of emergencies:**

+49 (0) 700 / 24 112 112 (WIC)

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)**

Hazard class	Hazard category	Hazard statement
Eye Irrit.	2	H319-Causes serious eye irritation.
STOT SE	3	H335-May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin Irrit.	2	H315-Causes skin irritation.
Resp. Sens.	1	H334-May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin Sens.	1	H317-May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Carc.	2	H351-Suspected of causing cancer.
STOT RE	2	H373-May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation (respiratory system).

#### 2.2 Label elements

**Labeling according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)**



**Danger**

H319-Causes serious eye irritation. H335-May cause respiratory irritation. H315-Causes skin irritation. H334-May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. H317-May cause an allergic skin reaction. H351-Suspected of causing cancer. H373-May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation (respiratory system).

P201-Obtain special instructions before use. P260-Do not breathe vapours or spray. P280-Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection. P284-Wear respiratory protection.

P302+P352-IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water / soap. P304+P340-IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P305+P351+P338-IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P308+P313-IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice / attention.

EUH204-Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.

Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomeres and homologues

#### 2.3 Other hazards

The mixture does not contain any vPvB substance (vPvB = very persistent, very bioaccumulative) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (< 0,1 %).  
The mixture does not contain any PBT substance (PBT = persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (< 0,1 %).

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.1 Substance

n.a.

#### 3.2 Mixture

Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomeres and homologues	
Registration number (REACH)	---
Index	---
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP	---
CAS	9016-87-9

content %	25-50
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)	Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (respiratory system) (as inhalation)

Propylene carbonate	
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119537232-48-XXXX
Index	607-194-00-1
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP	203-572-1
CAS	108-32-7
content %	1-10
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)	Eye Irrit. 2, H319

For the text of the H-phrases and classification codes (GHS/CLP), see Section 16.  
The substances named in this section are given with their actual, appropriate classification!  
For substances that are listed in appendix VI, table 3.1 of the regulation (EC) no. 1272/2008 (CLP regulation) this means that all notes that may be given here for the named classification have been taken into account.

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

First-aiders should ensure they are protected!  
Never pour anything into the mouth of an unconscious person!

##### Inhalation

Remove person from danger area.  
Supply person with fresh air and consult doctor according to symptoms.  
If the person is unconscious, place in a stable side position and consult a doctor.  
Respiratory arrest - Artificial respiration apparatus necessary.

##### Skin contact

Wipe off residual product carefully with a soft, dry cloth.  
Remove polluted, soaked clothing immediately, wash thoroughly with plenty of water and soap, in case of irritation of the skin (flare), consult a doctor.  
Dab away with polyethylene glycol 400

##### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses.  
Wash thoroughly for several minutes using copious water - call doctor immediately, have Data Sheet available.

##### Ingestion

Rinse the mouth thoroughly with water.  
Do not induce vomiting - give copious water to drink. Consult doctor immediately.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

If applicable delayed symptoms and effects can be found in section 11 and the absorption route in section 4.1.

The following may occur:

Dermatitis (skin inflammation)  
Drying of the skin.  
Allergic contact eczema  
Discoloration of the skin  
Irritant to mucosa of the nose and throat  
Coughing  
Headaches

Effect on the central nervous system

Asthmatic symptoms

In case of sensitivity, concentrations below the limit value may already result in asthmatic symptoms.

Respiratory distress

In certain cases, the symptoms of poisoning may only appear after an extended period / after several hours.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

In case of irritation of the lungs, perform first-aid with controlled-dosage aerosol dexamethasone.

Pulmonary oedema prophylaxis

Medical supervision necessary due to possibility of delayed reaction.

### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

##### Suitable extinguishing media

CO2  
Extinction powder  
Water jet spray  
Foam

##### Unsuitable extinguishing media

High volume water jet

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of fire the following can develop:

Oxides of carbon  
Oxides of nitrogen  
Isocyanates  
Hydrocyanic acid (hydrogen cyanide)  
Toxic gases  
Danger of bursting (explosion) when heated

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

Protective respirator with independent air supply.

According to size of fire

Full protection, if necessary.

Cool container at risk with water.

Dispose of contaminated extinction water according to official regulations.

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ensure sufficient supply of air.

Avoid inhalation, and contact with eyes or skin.

If applicable, caution - risk of slipping.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

If leakage occurs, dam up.

Resolve leaks if this possible without risk.

Prevent surface and ground-water infiltration, as well as ground penetration.

Prevent from entering drainage system.

If accidental entry into drainage system occurs, inform responsible authorities.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with absorbent material (e.g. universal binding agent, sand, diatomaceous earth, sawdust) and dispose of according to Section 13.

Allow to stand for a few days in an unclosed container until reaction no longer occurs.

Keep moist.

Do not close packing drum.

CO2 formation in closed tanks causes pressure to rise.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protective equipment see Section 8 and for disposal instructions see Section 13.

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

In addition to information given in this section, relevant information can also be found in section 8 and 6.1.

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II  
 Revision date / version: 11.09.2019 / 0005  
 Replacing version dated / version: 02.04.2019 / 0004  
 Valid from: 11.09.2019  
 PDF print date: 04.06.2020  
 Bondtec 614

**7.1.1 General recommendations**

Ensure good ventilation.  
 Avoid inhalation of the vapours.  
 If applicable, suction measures at the workstation or on the processing machine necessary.  
 Avoid contact with eyes or skin.  
 No contact with products of this type in case of allergies, asthma und chronic respiratory tract disorders.  
 Eating, drinking, smoking, as well as food-storage, is prohibited in work-room.  
 Observe directions on label and instructions for use.  
 Use working methods according to operating instructions.

**7.1.2 Notes on general hygiene measures at the workplace**

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.  
 Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.  
 Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.  
 Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

**7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Keep out of access to unauthorised individuals.  
 Not to be stored in gangways or stair wells.  
 Store product closed and only in original packing.  
 Keep protected from direct sunlight and temperatures over 50°C.  
 Only store at temperatures from 15°C to 25°C.  
 Store in a dry place.

**7.3 Specific end use(s)**

Adhesive

**SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

**8.1 Control parameters**

Chemical Name	Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomers and homologues		Content %:25-50
WEL-TWA: 0,02 mg/m3 (Isocyanates, all (as -NCO))	WEL-STEL: 0,07 mg/m3 (Isocyanates, all (as -NCO))	---	
Monitoring procedures: ---			
BMGV: 1 µmol isocyanate-derived diamine/mol creatinine in urine (At the end of the period of exposure)		Other information: Sen (Isocyanates, all (as -NCO))	

Propylene carbonate						
Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	9	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,09	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	0,08	mg/l	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	0,81	mg/l	
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	0,9	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	0,83	mg/l	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	740	mg/l	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	10	mg/kg	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	10	mg/kg	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	10	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	17,4	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	70,5	mg/kg	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	176	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	20	mg/kg	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, local effects	DNEL	20	mg/m3	

WEL-TWA = Workplace Exposure Limit - Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA (= time weighted average) reference period) EH40. AGW = "Arbeitsplatzgrenzwert" (workplace limit value, Germany).  
 (8) = Inhalable fraction (Directive 2017/164/EU, Directive 2004/37/CE). (9) = Respirable fraction (Directive 2017/164/EU, Directive 2004/37/CE). (11) = Inhalable fraction (Directive 2004/37/CE). (12) = Inhalable fraction. Respirable fraction in those Member States that implement, on the date of the entry into force of this Directive, a biomonitoring system with a biological limit value not exceeding 0,002 mg Cd/g creatinine in urine (Directive 2004/37/CE). | WEL-STEL = Workplace Exposure Limit - Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period).  
 (8) = Inhalable fraction (Directive 2017/164/EU, 2017/2398/EU). (9) = Respirable fraction (Directive 2017/164/EU, 2017/2398/EU). (10) = Short-term exposure limit value in relation to a reference period of 1 minute (Directive 2017/164/EU). | BMGV = Biological monitoring guidance value EH40. BGW = "Biologischer Grenzwert" (biological limit value, Germany) | Other information: Sen = Capable of causing occupational asthma. Sk = Can be absorbed through skin. Carc = Capable of causing cancer and/or heritable genetic damage.  
 \*\* = The exposure limit for this substance is repealed through the TRGS 900 (Germany) of January 2006 with the goal of revision.  
 (13) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin and of the respiratory tract (Directive 2004/37/CE).  
 (14) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin (Directive 2004/37/CE).

**8.2 Exposure controls**

**8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls**

Ensure good ventilation. This can be achieved by local suction or general air extraction.  
 If this is insufficient to maintain the concentration under the WEL or AGW values, suitable breathing protection should be worn.  
 Applies only if maximum permissible exposure values are listed here.  
 Suitable assessment methods for reviewing the effectiveness of protection measures adopted include metrological and non-metrological investigative techniques.  
 These are specified by e.g. BS EN 14042.  
 BS EN 14042 "Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents".

**8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment**

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.  
 Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.  
 Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.  
 Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

Eye/face protection:  
 Tight fitting protective goggles with side protection (EN 166).

Skin protection - Hand protection:  
 Chemical resistant protective gloves (EN 374).

Recommended  
 Protective nitrile gloves (EN 374).  
 Minimum layer thickness in mm:  
 >= 0,35  
 Permeation time (penetration time) in minutes:  
 >= 480  
 The breakthrough times determined in accordance with EN 16523-1 were not obtained under practical conditions.  
 The recommended maximum wearing time is 50% of breakthrough time.  
 Protective hand cream recommended.

Skin protection - Other:  
 Protective working garments (e.g. safety shoes EN ISO 20345, long-sleeved protective working garments).

Respiratory protection:  
 Normally not necessary.  
 If OES or MEL is exceeded.  
 Filter A2 P2 (EN 14387), code colour brown, white  
 Observe wearing time limitations for respiratory protection equipment.

Thermal hazards:  
 Not applicable

Additional information on hand protection - No tests have been performed.  
 In the case of mixtures, the selection has been made according to the knowledge available and the information about the contents.  
 Selection of materials derived from glove manufacturer's indications.  
 Final selection of glove material must be made taking the breakthrough times, permeation rates and degradation into account.  
 Selection of a suitable glove depends not only on the material but also on other quality characteristics and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.  
 In the case of mixtures, the resistance of glove materials cannot be predicted and must therefore be tested before use.  
 The exact breakthrough time of the glove material can be requested from the protective glove manufacturer and must be observed.

**8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls**

No information available at present.

**SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

**9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

Physical state: Liquid  
 Colour: Brown  
 Odour: Characteristic  
 Odour threshold: Not determined  
 pH-value: Not determined  
 Melting point/freezing point: Not determined  
 Initial boiling point and boiling range: Not determined  
 Flash point: 111 °C  
 Evaporation rate: Not determined  
 Flammability (solid, gas): Not determined  
 Lower explosive limit: Not determined  
 Upper explosive limit: Not determined  
 Vapour pressure: Not determined  
 Vapour density (air = 1): Not determined  
 Density: 1,12 g/cm3 (20°C)  
 Bulk density: n.a.  
 Solubility(ies): Not determined  
 Water solubility: Not miscible  
 Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): Not determined  
 Auto-ignition temperature: n.a.  
 Decomposition temperature: Not determined  
 Viscosity: Not determined  
 Explosive properties: Product is not explosive.  
 Oxidising properties: No

**9.2 Other information**  
 Miscibility: Not determined  
 Fat solubility / solvent: Not determined  
 Conductivity: Not determined  
 Surface tension: Not determined  
 Solvents content: Not determined

**SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

**10.1 Reactivity**

reacts with water

**10.2 Chemical stability**

Stable with proper storage and handling.

**10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions**

Exothermic reaction possible with:  
 Alcohols  
 Amines  
 Bases  
 Acids  
 Water  
 Development of:  
 Carbon dioxide  
 CO2 formation in closed tanks causes pressure to rise.  
 Pressure increase will result in danger of bursting.

**10.4 Conditions to avoid**

See also section 7.  
 Protect from humidity.  
 Polymerisation due to high heat is possible.  
 T > 260°C

**10.5 Incompatible materials**

See also section 7.  
 Acids  
 Bases  
 Amines  
 Alcohols  
 Water

**10.6 Hazardous decomposition products**

See also section 5.2  
 No decomposition when used as directed.

**SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

**11.1 Information on toxicological effects**

Possibly more information on health effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

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Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:						n.d.a.
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:						n.d.a.
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	ATE	>20	mg/l/4h			calculated value, Vapours
Skin corrosion/irritation:						n.d.a.

Serious eye damage/irritation:					n.d.a.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:					n.d.a.
Germ cell mutagenicity:					n.d.a.
Carcinogenicity:					n.d.a.
Reproductive toxicity:					n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE):					n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):					n.d.a.
Aspiration hazard:					n.d.a.
Symptoms:					n.d.a.

Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomers and homologues						
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rabbit	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	0,31	mg/l/4h	Rat	OECD 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	Aerosol, Does not conform with EU classification.
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	ATE	1,5	mg/l/4h			Expert judgement, Skin Irrit. 2
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant, Analogous conclusion, Does not conform with EU classification.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Mouse	OECD 429 (Skin Sensitisation - Local Lymph Node Assay)	Yes (skin contact), Analogous conclusion
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	No (skin contact)
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Rat		Yes (inhalation)
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Rat	OECD 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)	Negative, Analogous conclusion
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Carcinogenicity:				Rat	OECD 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity/Carcinogenicity Studies)	Aerosol, Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect.
Reproductive toxicity:	NOAEL	4	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Rat	OECD 414 (Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study)	Aerosol, Negative
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):	LOAEL	1		Rat	OECD 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity/Carcinogenicity Studies)	Aerosol, Analogous conclusion
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):	NOAEL	0,2		Rat	OECD 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity/Carcinogenicity Studies)	Aerosol, Analogous conclusion
Aspiration hazard:						Negative
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE), inhalative:						Target organ(s): respiratory system, May cause respiratory irritation.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), inhalat.:						Target organ(s): respiratory system, Positive

Propylene carbonate						
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rabbit	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Human being		No (skin contact)
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative

Germ cell mutagenicity:						OECD 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:						OECD 482 (Gen. Tox. - DNA Damage and Repair, Unscheduled DNA Synthesis in Mammalian Cells In Vitro)	Negative
Carcinogenicity:				Mouse		OECD 451 (Carcinogenicity Studies)	Negative
Reproductive toxicity:	NOAEL	1000	mg/kg	Rat		OECD 414 (Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study)	Negative
Aspiration hazard:							No
Symptoms:							breathing difficulties, headaches, gastrointestinal disturbances, dizziness, nausea
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), oral:	NOEL	>5000	mg/kg			OECD 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), inhalat.:	NOEC	100	mg/m <sup>3</sup>			OECD 413 (Subchronic Inhalation Toxicity - 90-Day Study)	Dust, Mist

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

Possibly more information on environmental effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

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Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:							n.d.a.
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:							n.d.a.
12.1. Toxicity to algae:							n.d.a.
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							With water at the interface, transforms slowly with formation of CO <sub>2</sub> into a firm, insoluble reaction product with a high melting point (polycarbamide). According to experience available to date, polycarbamide is inert and non-degradable.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:							n.d.a.
12.4. Mobility in soil:							n.d.a.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							n.d.a.
12.6. Other adverse effects:							n.d.a.

Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomers and homologues							
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Other organisms:	NOEC/NOEL	14d	>1000	mg/kg	Avena sativa	OECD 208 (Terrestrial Plants, Growth Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	>1000	mg/l	Brachydanio rerio	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	NOEC/NOEL	21d	>1000	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	24h	>1000	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	ErC50	72h	>1640	mg/l	Scenedesmus subspicatus	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	

12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	0	%	activated sludge	OECD 302 C (Inherent Biodegradability - Modified MITI Test (II))	Not biodegradable, According to experience available to date, polycarbamide is inert and non-degradable. With water at the interface, transforms slowly with formation of CO2 into a firm, insoluble reaction product with a high melting point (polycarbamide).
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	BCF	42d	<14		Cyprinus carpio	OECD 305 (Bioconcentration - Flow-Through Fish Test)	Not to be expected
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							Negative
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC50	3h	>100	mg/l	activated sludge	OECD 209 (Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test (Carbon and Ammonium Oxidation))	
Other organisms:	NOEC/NOEL	14d	>1000	mg/kg	Lactuca sativa	OECD 208 (Terrestrial Plants, Growth Test)	
Toxicity to annelids:	NOEC/NOEL	14d	>1000	mg/kg	Lumbricus terrestris	OECD 207 (Earthworm, Acute Toxicity Tests)	

Propylene carbonate							
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	>1000	mg/l	Cyprinus carpio	92/69/EC	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	>1000	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	>900	mg/l	Desmodesmus subspicatus	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:			83,5-87,7	%		OECD 301 B (Ready Biodegradability - Co2 Evolution Test)	Readily biodegradable29d
12.2. Persistence and degradability:	DOC	14d	90-100	%		OECD 301 A (Ready Biodegradability - DOC Die-Away Test)	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		-0,48				Bioaccumulation is unlikely (LogPow < 1), calculated value
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC10	16h	25619	mg/l	Pseudomonas putida	DIN 38412 T.8	
Other information:	AOX		0	%			Does not contain any organically bound halogens which can contribute to the AOX value in waste water.

### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

##### For the substance / mixture / residual amounts

EC disposal code no.:

The waste codes are recommendations based on the scheduled use of this product.

Owing to the user's specific conditions for use and disposal, other waste codes may be allocated under certain circumstances. (2014/955/EU)  
 08 04 09 waste adhesives and sealants containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances  
 08 05 01 waste isocyanates  
 Recommendation:  
 Sewage disposal shall be discouraged.  
 Pay attention to local and national official regulations.  
 E.g. suitable incineration plant.  
 Hardened product:  
 E.g. dispose at suitable refuse site.  
**For contaminated packing material**  
 Pay attention to local and national official regulations.  
 Empty container completely.  
 Uncontaminated packaging can be recycled.  
 Dispose of packaging that cannot be cleaned in the same manner as the substance.  
 15 01 10 packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances

### SECTION 14: Transport information

#### General statements

14.1. UN number: n.a.  
**Transport by road/by rail (ADR/RID)**  
 14.2. UN proper shipping name:  
 14.3. Transport hazard class(es): n.a.  
 14.4. Packing group: n.a.  
 Classification code: n.a.  
 LQ: n.a.  
 14.5. Environmental hazards: Not applicable  
 Tunnel restriction code:  
**Transport by sea (IMDG-code)**  
 14.2. UN proper shipping name:  
 14.3. Transport hazard class(es): n.a.  
 14.4. Packing group: n.a.  
 Marine Pollutant: n.a.  
 14.5. Environmental hazards: Not applicable  
**Transport by air (IATA)**  
 14.2. UN proper shipping name:  
 14.3. Transport hazard class(es): n.a.  
 14.4. Packing group: n.a.  
 14.5. Environmental hazards: Not applicable

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Unless specified otherwise, general measures for safe transport must be followed.

#### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Non-dangerous material according to Transport Regulations.

### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Observe restrictions:

Comply with national regulations/laws governing maternity protection (national implementation of the Directive 92/85/EEC)!

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex XVII

Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Comply with trade association/occupational health regulations.

Directive 2010/75/EU (VOC):

0 %

#### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment is not provided for mixtures.

### SECTION 16: Other information

Revised sections: 8

These details refer to the product as it is delivered.

Employee instruction/training in handling hazardous materials is required.

#### Classification and processes used to derive the classification of the mixture in accordance with the ordinance (EG) 1272/2008 (CLP):

Classification in accordance with regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)	Evaluation method used
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Classification according to calculation procedure.
STOT SE 3, H335	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Resp. Sens. 1, H334	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Carc. 2, H351	Classification according to calculation procedure.
STOT RE 2, H373	Classification according to calculation procedure.

The following phrases represent the posted Hazard Class and Risk Category Code (GHS/CLP) of the product and the constituents (specified in Section 2 and 3).

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

Eye Irrit. — Eye irritation

STOT SE — Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure - respiratory tract irritation

Skin Irrit. — Skin irritation

Resp. Sens. — Respiratory sensitization

Skin Sens. — Skin sensitization

Carc. — Carcinogenicity

STOT RE — Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Acute Tox. — Acute toxicity - inhalation

#### Any abbreviations and acronyms used in this document:

acc., acc. to according, according to

ADR Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par Route (= European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

AOX Adsorbable organic halogen compounds

approx.	approximately
Art., Art. no.	Article number
ASTM	ASTM International (American Society for Testing and Materials)
BAM	Bundesanstalt für Materialforschung und -prüfung (Federal Institute for Materials Research and Testing, Germany)
BAuA	Bundesanstalt für Arbeitsschutz und Arbeitsmedizin (= Federal Institute for Occupational Health and Safety, Germany)
BSEF	The International Bromine Council
bw	body weight
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service
CLP	Classification, Labelling and Packaging (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures)
CMR	carcinogenic, mutagenic, reproductive toxic
DMEL	Derived Minimum Effect Level
DNEL	Derived No Effect Level
dw	dry weight
e.g.	for example (abbreviation of Latin 'exempli gratia'), for instance
EC	European Community
ECHA	European Chemicals Agency
EEC	European Economic Community
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EN	European Norms
EPA	United States Environmental Protection Agency (United States of America)
etc.	et cetera
EU	European Union
EVAl	Ethylene-vinyl alcohol copolymer
Fax.	Fax number
gen.	general
GHS	Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
GWP	Global warming potential
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IBC (Code)	International Bulk Chemical (Code)
IMDG-code	International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
incl.	including, inclusive
IUCLID	International Uniform Chemical Information Database
LQ	Limited Quantities
MARPOL	International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships
n.a.	not applicable
n.av.	not available
n.c.	not checked
n.d.a.	no data available
OECD	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
org.	organic
PBT	persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
PE	Polyethylene
PNEC	Predicted No Effect Concentration
ppm	parts per million
PVC	Polyvinylchloride
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals)
REACH-IT	List-No. 9xx-xxx-x No. is automatically assigned, e.g. to pre-registrations without a CAS No. or other numerical identifier. List Numbers do not have any legal significance, rather they are purely technical identifiers for processing a submission via REACH-IT.
RID	Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire de marchandises Dangereuses (= Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail)
SVHC	Substances of Very High Concern
Tel.	Telephone
UN RTDG	United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods
VOC	Volatile organic compounds
vPvB	very persistent and very bioaccumulative
wwt	wet weight

The statements made here should describe the product with regard to the necessary safety precautions - they are not meant to guarantee definite characteristics - but they are based on our present up-to-date knowledge. No responsibility.

These statements were made by:

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